

General Statistics by Type of Company Organization and Ownership, and by Major Industry Group, 1963, 1958, and 1954, and by Industry, 1963- Continued

Industry code, major industry group, industry and item	Type of ownership or control			
	Corporate	Noncorporate		
		Total	Individual	Partnership
INDUSTRIES: 1963—Continued				-
1498—Peat:				
Establishments	100	<..>	<..>	<..>
number				
All employees:				
Number	<..>	0		
Pavroll	0	\$1,000		
Value of shipments and receipts	do			
Capital expenditures	do			
1499—Nonmetallic minerals, n.e.c.:				
Establishments	1,367	71	54	17
number				
With 20 or more employees	5,882	1,194	908	286
All employees:	595	1,478	1,171	307
Number	53	275	216	59
Pavroll	18	34	28	6
Value added in mining	do	(D)	(D)	(D)
Value of shipments and receipts	do	(D)	(D)	(D)
Capital expenditures	do	(D)	(D)	(D)
				0>

Filed as part of a multunit company when the company operated at least two establishments in the mineral industries or one establishment in the mineral industries and at least one other establishment in manufacturing, retail, wholesale, or service trade industries.

Represents "county establishments" for operators of oil and gas field properties and for mineral services establishments. Such "county establishments" are obtained by allocating data from reports for larger areas on the basis of information contained in such reports by county for employment, production, receipts for services, and capital expenditures. This differs from the establishment count, shown without footnote or special designation in many places in the census reports, which represents merely the number of reports tabulated. For all mineral industries the number of reports tabulated was 38,651 as compared with the 67,399 "county establishments" shown above. In making the tabulation for the above table, however, each company filing only one report was placed in the single unit classification, even though several "county establishments" may have been included in that report.

*Excludes figures for Alaska and Hawaii.

**Not shown since the cost of supplies, purchased fuels and electric energy, contract work, and purchased machinery installed exceeded the sum of value of shipments and receipts and capital expenditures.